

The Weekly Arizona Miner.

VOL. XV.—NO. 2.

The Arizona Miner,
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

CHAS. W. BEACH,
Editor and Proprietor.

The first number of the Weekly Miner was issued on May 1st, and in this its thirteenth year, it can, with truth, claim to be the oldest, and best newspaper in the Territory.

Subscription Rates.
One Copy, One Year..... \$4.00
Two Months..... 2.00
Three Months..... 1.25
Single Copy..... 25
Daily and Weekly, one year..... \$10.00

Advertising Rates.
One inch, 72 lines of this type, in column \$2.00 for first insertion and \$1.00 per inch for each additional insertion.

A liberal discount from above rates will be made to those who advertise largely by the year, half year or quarter.

Professional and business cards inserted for \$1.00.

Premier calling as money the subscription, advertising or job work, now forwarded by mail, or otherwise, at that rate.

Advertisers not taken at par in payment for subscription, advertising and job-work.

EX-TERMS.—In Advance Incurable.

BUSINESS CARDS.

SALOONS, ETC.

"CABINET,"

Montezuma St., Prescott.

D. C. THORNE.

Cash Paid for Valuable Specimens.

BANK EXCHANGE,

Corner of Gurley and Cortez Sts.,

PRESCOTT, A.T.

FINEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

THE DIANA

BAR AND BILLIARD SALOON,

Montezuma Street, Corner Gurley,

L. the Largest and Best Saloon

IN NORTHEASTERN ARIZONA.

J. C. CRANE, Proprietor.

BIT SALOON.

Fine Liquor & Cigar Depot.

Sold by Bottle, Quart or Gallon.

Next door to the New Bit and "Globe of France" Saloon on Granite street.

C. GERARD, Proprietor.

SAZERAC SALOON,

FRED. WILLIAMS, Proprietor,

GURLEY STREET,

(One Door West of Bankhead's Store).

Supplies the "Hops" with which others, but does not intoxicate. Best quality of Cigars kept on hand.

My Club-Room is sold to be the most comfortable place in town. Come and See.

FRED. WILLIAMS.

PACIFIC BREWERY.

MONTEZUMA STREET,

Next door to the Miner Office, Prescott.

GOOD LAGER BEER,

Liquors and Cigars,

Always on hand and for sale.

JOHN HADFIELD, Proprietor.

KEARNEY'S,

Montezuma Street, PRESCOTT, A.T.

GENUINE CUTTER WHISKEY,

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER

Always on hand,

June 1st.

ARIZONA BREWERY

Supplies the Public with

EXCELLENT LAGER BEER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WINES, LIQUORS, & CIGARS

The Old Stand is well known.

JUL. N. ROHRENBERG.

CAPITAL BIT SALOON

And Restaurant.

Meals : : : 75 cents.

Every attention given to the comfort of your guests.

COME AND SEE!

Granite Street.

EMANUEL & VALLY, Proprietors.

Prescott, August 6, 1877.

L. LEYMARIE & CO.,

NEW BIT SALOON.

Et Pension Francaise.

Best Liquors and Cigars dispensed. Beer by the gallon or quart. Liquors also sold to salt purchases.

WINES AND CHAMPAGNE.

BEST BRANDS IN THE PRESCOTT TRADE.

Prescott, March 5th, 1877.

w.h.t.

ROBT. CONNELL,

Wholesale and Retail Liquor

DEALER,

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,

AT—

THE OLD STAND, THE CHAMPION,

ROBERT CONNELL.

Prescott, Nov. 5, 1877.

LODGING HOUSE,

I have opened a first-class Lodging House on Cedar Street opposite Office Row.

Rooms. : : : \$100

Single Beds. : : : 50

GOTLIB URFER Proprietor.

A. SCHMIDT,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

NEXT DOOR TO THE WHITE HOUSE,

Montezuma St., : : : Prescott

Makes every description of boots and shoes, and gives prompt attention to repairing.

PRESENT SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Present, Arizona, Nov. 2, 1877.

—THE—

CITY BREWERY,

Montezuma Street, near the C. & A. Stage Company's Office.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

The undersigned having purchased lots of popular brands, and being in the style made all kinds of good beer to call and see them.

BLACKBURN & SCHULZE,

Prescott, Arizona, November 15, 1877.

BIT SALOON.

(Old Stand of Leymarie & Co.)

The undersigned has leased the above house, and will open a Grand Opening and Free Lunch on Saturday evening, December 21, 1877.

E. O. GRANT,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

All orders filled promptly.

BUCK & BECKER,

POINT OF ROCKS LIME KILNS,

A. S. Clough, Proprietor.

LIME always on hand in any quantity to suit the want of purchasers.

E. H. WEAVER, Agent.

HARRIS & BENNETT.

COMMISSION STOCK BROKERS,

324 Montezuma Street,

SAN FRANCISCO,

and other stocks of all kinds and names and values.

L. B. BISHOP & CO.

RANCHMEN CAN FIND ALL SIZES OF

Fence Nails At

THE RAILROAD EXPRESS FROM PRESCOTT TO THE TIP-TOP.

Five, Eight Dollars.

Express packages taken at liberal rates. Leaves Gold-wash every four days.

M. J. McALLISTER,

RECKLESS EXPRESS FROM PRESCOTT TO THE TIP-TOP.

Five, Eight Dollars.

Express packages taken at liberal rates. Leaves Gold-wash every four days.

HARRIS & BENNETT.

RECKLESS EXPRESS FROM PRESCOTT TO THE TIP-TOP.

Five, Eight Dollars.

Express packages taken at liberal rates. Leaves Gold-wash every four days.

RANCHMEN CAN FIND ALL SIZES OF

Fence Nails At

L. BISHOP & CO.

PRESCOTT, ARIZONA, FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 28, 1877.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIMA INDIANS.

Although these dusky aborigines of the Gila have an Agent, and a Reservation upon which they are supposed to reside, it seems they are allowed to separate and wander around the Territory wherever their will and inclination leads them, settling here and there on public lands, committing outrages various and grave in their nature, and barring good white citizens from settling up our public domain. An instance of this kind has been brought to my notice by citizens living on the Tempe, Salt River, who have been annoyed and have had their property destroyed by a band of supposed to be Reservation Indians, under a bad and surely chief, known as Chir-chir-eum, numbering some three hundred.

THE WONDERFUL SHAPE.

The exhibit was found upon a low couch placed in the centre of the room. Its formation is a succession of layers of frings conforming with the contour of the human body. Those who have made a chemical examination say that it is composed of carbonate of lime, silicate of lime and iron, the outer surface having a corroded appearance and an amorphous formation to the depth of about one inch. It is stated that in order to test the composition of the exterior, Professor J. E. Taylor, of Bridgeport, bored a hole into the head below the left ear three inches deep, and found pyroxide cube crystals, which were yesterday exhibited. The colors of these crystals were found to be shaded from the buff gray of the outside gradually to the blue of the inside, comparing precisely with the chips taken from the cast of the perforation. The figure is seven and a half feet long, and of 650 pounds weight. The features are of a decided Indian type, high cheek bones, low retreating forehead and an enormous posterior cranium. The right arm is bent, the hand lying on the breast. The bones between the fingers and the thumb, are said to be true to nature. The left arm rests on the left leg, which is drawn up, and the flexor muscle bears a scar. The great toes on the feet have the appearance of thumbs and are not unlike the toes of a gorilla.

WHAT THE DISCOVERER SAYS.

W. A. Conant, the Colorado antiquarian, who claims to have discovered this wonder, told the reporter that his object in bringing it to New York was to give the scientific men here a chance to pronounce upon it. On the 16th of September last, while searching for geological specimens in different parts of the State, his attention was attracted by a curiously formed stone which pouted from the ground; it resembled a human foot. Having cut one of the roots of a cedar tree, which grew near by and which had twined itself between the arm and body of the figure, he examined what is now pronounced to be the petrified form of a human being. He had to obtain assistance before he could thoroughly examine it, so that it could be transported to Pueblo. Professor Taylor and Paige pronounce that the figure formed this mould was once a living, human organism. There is also a sworn testimony of the persons who assisted him in examining and removing the petrified body.—[N.Y. Herald.]

ANOTHER LEDGE THEORY.

The Virginia Nev. Enterprise says: It is quite probable that in Steamboat Springs we have a second Comstock ledge growing and forming under our own eyes, and noses, too, for that matter, as the place gives evidence of its presence to the organ of smell as well as those of sight. At the Springs we find a number of lateral crevices extending northeast and southwest, just the course of all our principal leads, and there is evidence that these crevices, but a foot or two in width on the surface, are of great length and breadth at no great distance below the crust of silicious matter that roofs them over. When stooping over some of the larger crevices the boiling waters below can be heard surging to and fro and lashing the walls of what seem, from the hollow, thunderous sound to be caverns of great extent. Down in these cavernous depths the work of ledge making is, doubtless, in progress. The wall is being lined with quartzose material suitable for the reception and growth of the silver and other minerals evolved by Nature from the seething chaldrons of her submarine laboratories. Probably, in half a million years, she will have the soil properly prepared and ready to be made fruitful in silver and gold, and in a million or two of years hence some Comstocker will be born in that day, will strike it rich, and bring about another grand Washoe excitement. The ledge at Steamboat is steadily growing, but it will be a long time yet before it is ripe.

INDIANS DYING OUT.

Hon. H. S. Stevens has again favored us with a large number of Congressional documents, including all the bills introduced at the extra session, so far as they were printed, and a pamphlet of 42 pages, entitled "Are the Indians dying out?" being preliminary observations relating to Indian civilization and education, by Gen. John Eaton, of the Interior Department. To this conundrum we can only answer that they are not dying out quite so rapidly as we could wish, and yet, according to official reports, they appear to be growing beautifully less in numbers. In 1837 the Secretary of War said there were 512,930 Indians in the United States. In 1850 H. R. Schoolcraft put the number at 400,764. Seven years later the same statistician said there were 378,364.